

【

】

UDO - 3006B - 1

3 201

344

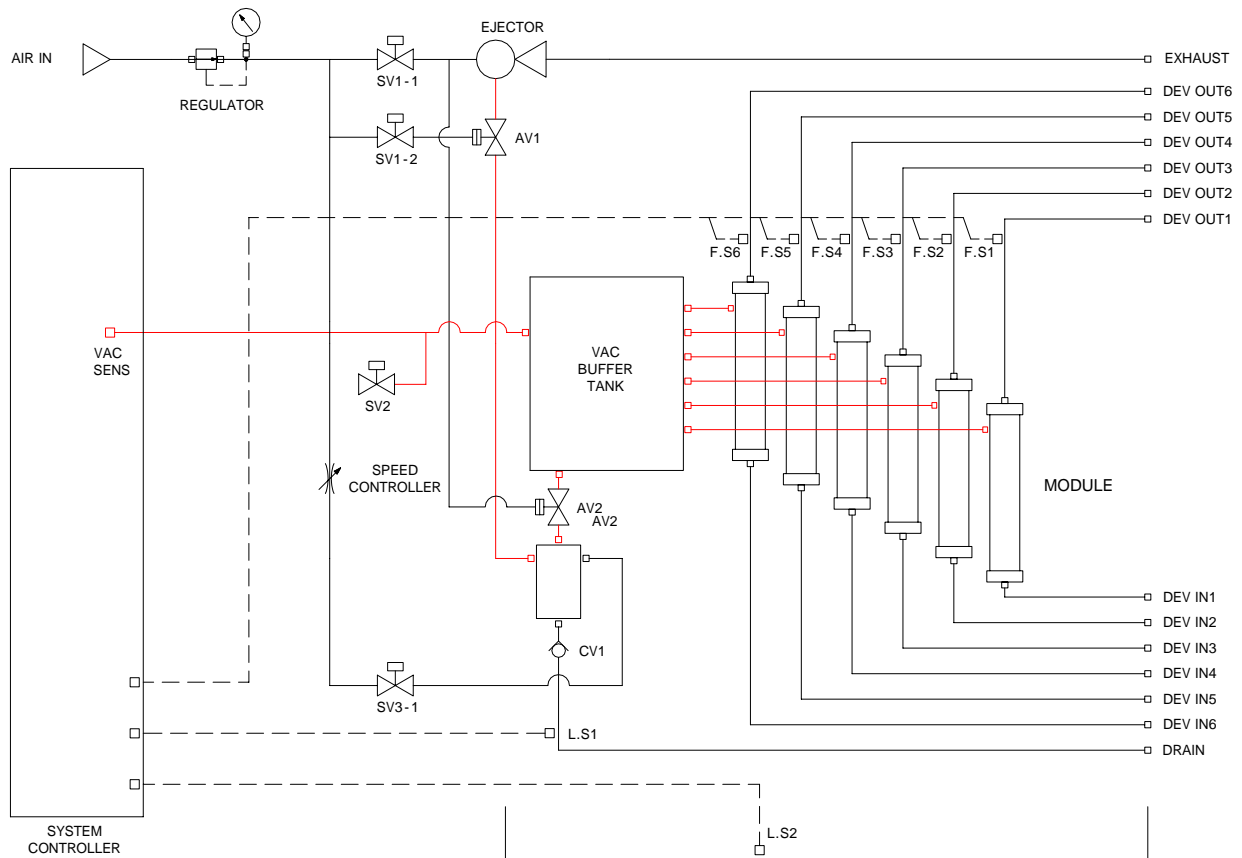
TEL(02)806-4403 5 FAX(02)806-4406

home page:<http://www.ulfatech.com>

1.		-----	2
2.		-----	4
3.		-----	6
4.		-----	8
5.		-----	12
6.		-----	14
7.		-----	17
8.	,	-----	20
9.	PARTS LIST	-----	22
10.	(,)	-----	23

1.

NOZZLE (N2)가
가 30~40ppm 가
NOZZLE
가



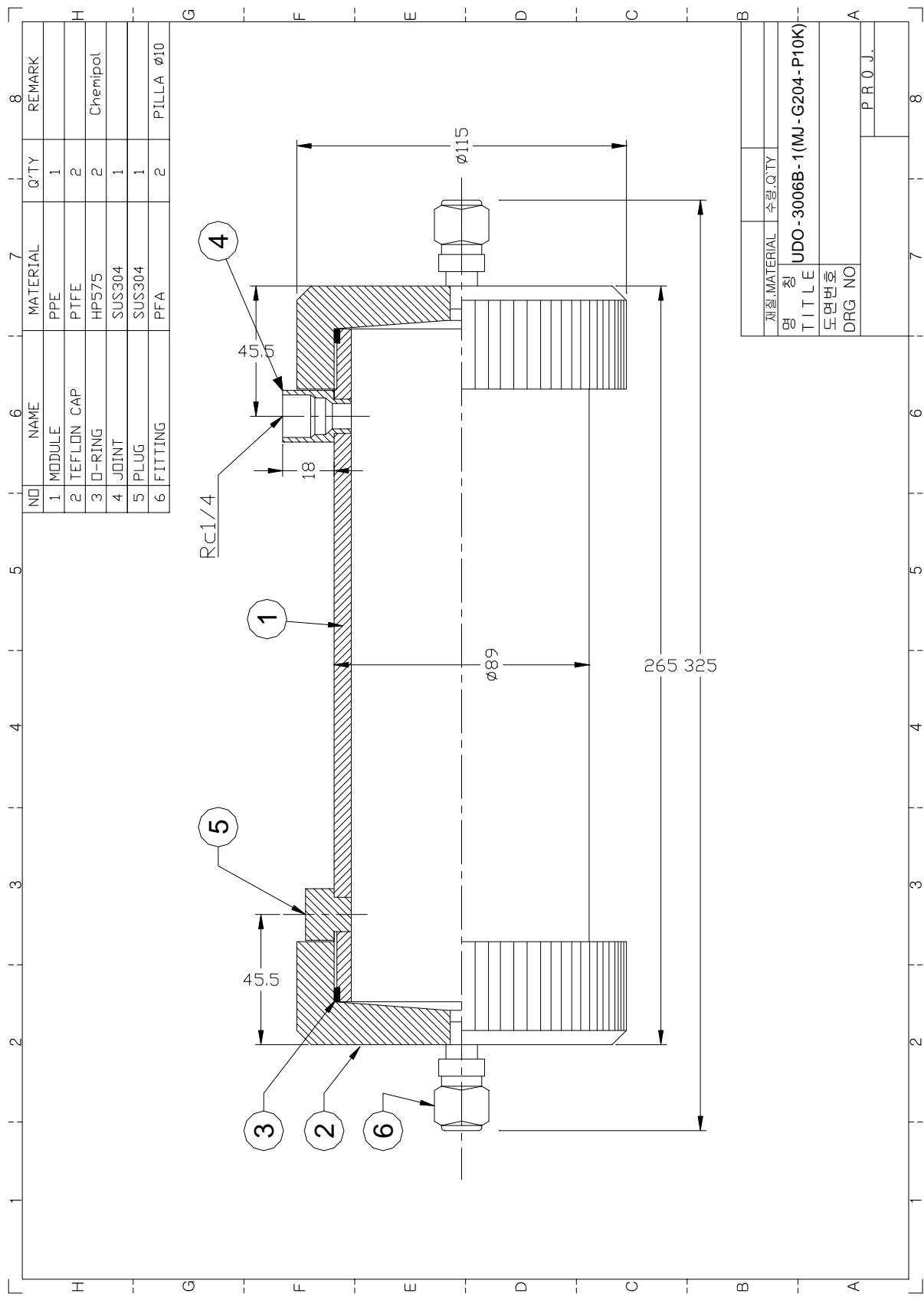
	VAC BUFFER TANK		
VAC BUFFER TANK			
	가		
F.S1~4			(SV2 ON)
		SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1,AV2)	
ON	AIR EJECTOR		
	VAC BUFFER TANK		
	SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1,AV2)	OFF	
VAC BUFFER TANK			
		AV1,AV2가 OFF	
		SV3	10sec
ON	DRAIN		
VAC BUFFER TANK		가	
		SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1,AV2)	
ON			
6			
SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1,AV2)	5	OFF	, 5
SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1)	ON		
SV1 - 1,SV1 - 2(AV1,AV2)	OFF	SV3	10sec ON

2.

(1)

		()	(日)
		MODULE	
		MJ - G204 - P10K	
		POLYOLEFIN	
		4m ²	
		Ø110 × 265mm	FITTING
	MODULE BODY	POLYPROPYLENE	
	END CAP	PTFE	
	SEALING	CHEMIPOL HP575	
	FITTING	PFA	
		120L/hr	
		0.048 MPa	
		DO:8ppm DO:0.5ppm :4.4KPa, :120L/hr	:20
		35	
		35	
		0.29 MPa	
		0.34 MPa	
		180 mL	
		Ø10 PILLAR FITTING	
		Ø10 PILLAR FITTING	
		Rc 1/8	

(2) MODULE DRAWING



3.

(1)

		UDO-3006B-1	
		MJ-G204-P10K	MIURA
		MAX 6	
	L/min	1.7 L/min	1 MAX 3L/min
	Torr	70	(-)690mmHg
	V	100 ~ 220V AC	50-60Hz
	mm	540(W) X 535(D) X 400(H)	FITTING & REGULATOR SLIDE
	kg	20 kg	
		RS-232C,485(D-SUB, 9P)	VACUUM LEVEL
ERROR OUT		POWER OFF ERR	ERROR OPEN
		VAC, LEAK1, LEAK2	ERROR CLOSE

(2) UTILITY

-

	SPECIFICATION			
AIR IN	5kg/cm ²	OD 8mm TUBE	SWAGELOK	1
EXHAUST	2M	OD 8mm TUBE	SWAGELOK	1
DRAIN		OD 6mm TUBE	SWAGELOK	1

-

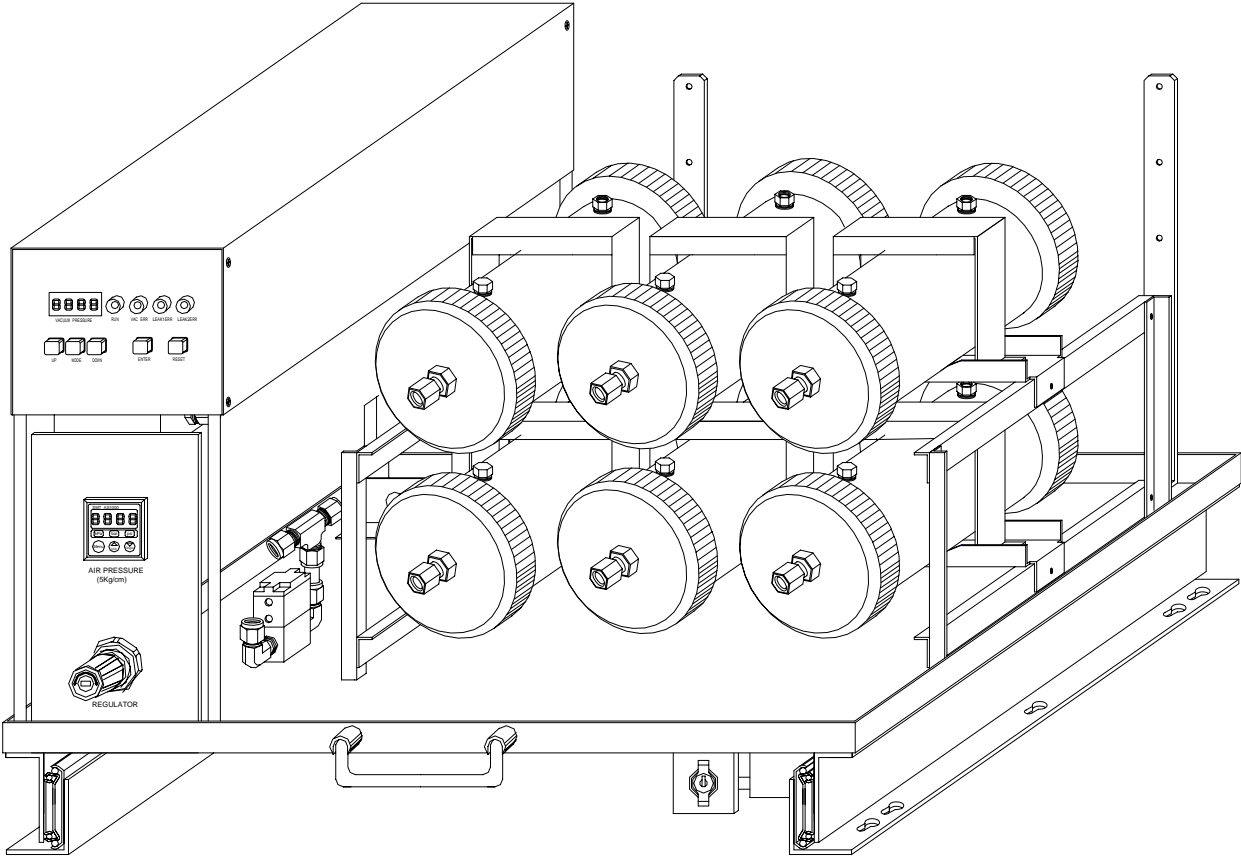
	SPECIFICATION		
IN		OD 10mm TUBE	PILLAR
OUT		OD 10mm TUBE	PILLAR

-

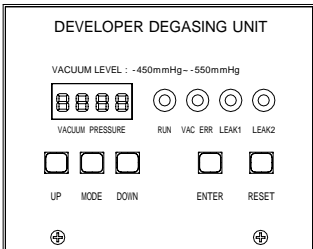
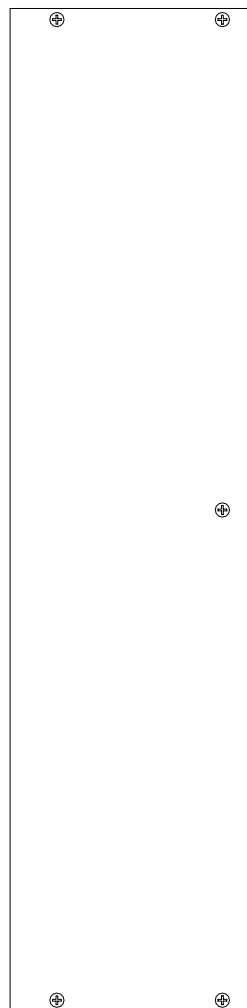
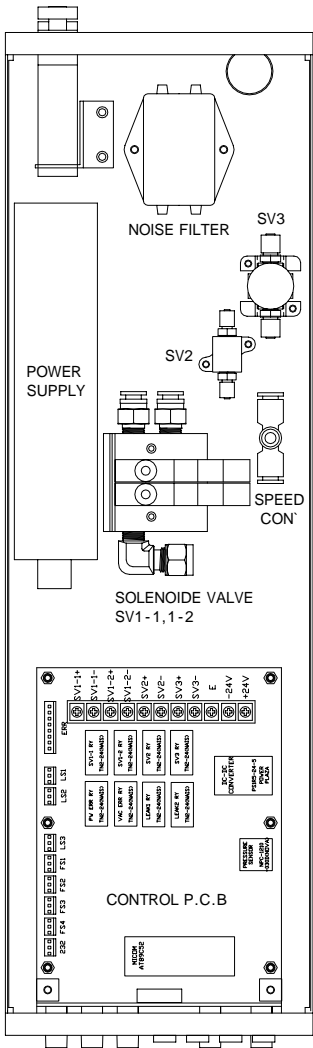
	SPECIFICATION			
POWER IN	3P	100~220V AC	ULFA	1
ERROR OUT	12P	POWER OFF VAC, LEAK1, LEAK2	ERROR OPEN	1
COMM OUT	DB-9 RS-232,485	VAC LEVEL	ULFA	1

4.

(1)

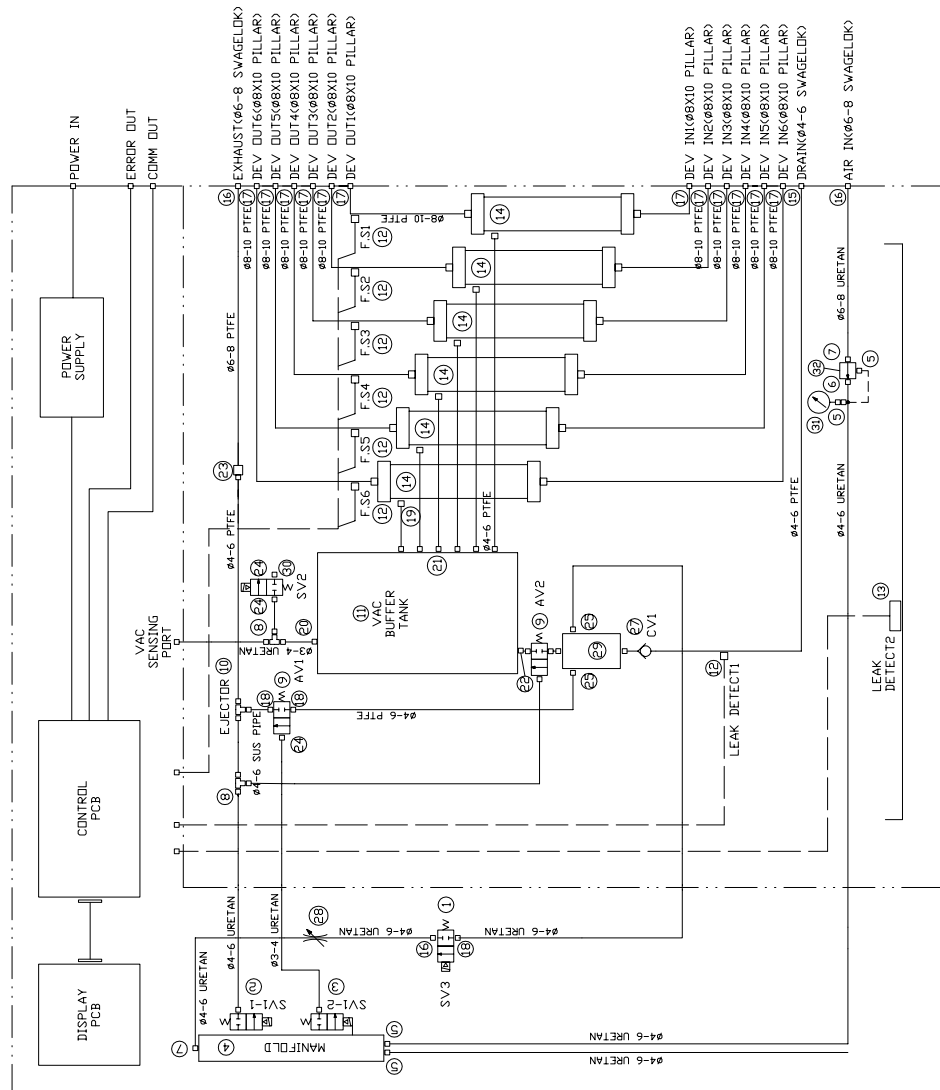


(2)



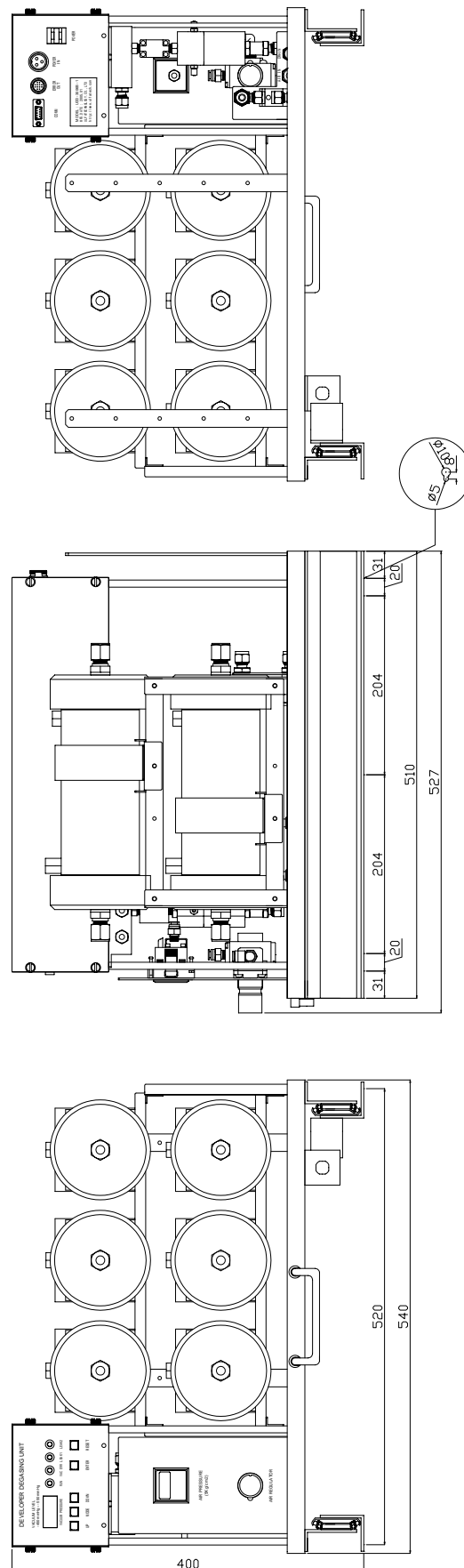
(3)

NO	NAME	TYPE	Q'TY	REMARK
1	SOLENOID VALVE	VDW21-5G-2-M5-F	1	SMC
2	SOLENOID VALVE	V0Z115-SL-C6	1	SMC
3	SOLENOID VALVE	V0Z115-SL-C4	1	SMC
4	MANIFOLD	VV30Z12-02C	1	SMC
5	MALE CONNECTOR	K02H06-01S	4	SMC
6	MALE ELBOW	K02L06-02S	1	SMC
7	MALE ELBOW	K02L08-02S	1	SMC
8	UNION TEE	KPT04-00	1	SMC
9	AIR VALVE	LVA10-01-A	1	SMC
10	AIR EJECTOR	SUS(φ6mm)	1	ULFA
11	BUFFER TANK	SUS	1	ULFA
12	LEAK SENSOR	EE-SPX613	7	DMRON
13	LEAK SENSOR	EX-F71	1	SUNX
14	MODULE	MJ-G204-P10K	6	MIURA
15	BULKHEAD UNION	S316-CBU-6M	1	SWAGelok
16	BULKHEAD UNION	S316-CBU-8M	2	SWAGelok
17	PANEL MOUNT UNION	S-PMU-10B	12	PILLAR
18	MALE ELBOW	S316-CLMAGM-2R	2	SWAGelok
19	MALE ELBOW	S316-CLMAGM-4R	6	SWAGelok
20	MALE CONNECTOR	S316-CMC4M-2R	1	SWAGelok
21	MALE CONNECTOR	S316-CMC6M-2R	6	SWAGelok
22	HEX NIPPLE	S316-SNA-01R	1	SWAGelok
23	REDUCING UNION	S316-CUR8M-6M	1	SWAGelok
24	M5 NIPPLE	M-SH-4	3	SMC
25	M5 NIPPLE	M-SH-6	4	SMC
26	M5 NIPPLE	M-SHL-6	1	SMC
27	CHECK VALVE	MALE-YFITTING	1	ULFA
28	SPEED CONTROLLER	AS1001F-06	1	SMC
29	SEPARATOR	PP	1	ULFA
30	SOLENOID VALVE	LVMI1-5A-1	1	SMC
31	GAUGE	SMT RS1000	1	SIMENTECH
32	REGULATOR	AR20-02B	1	SMC

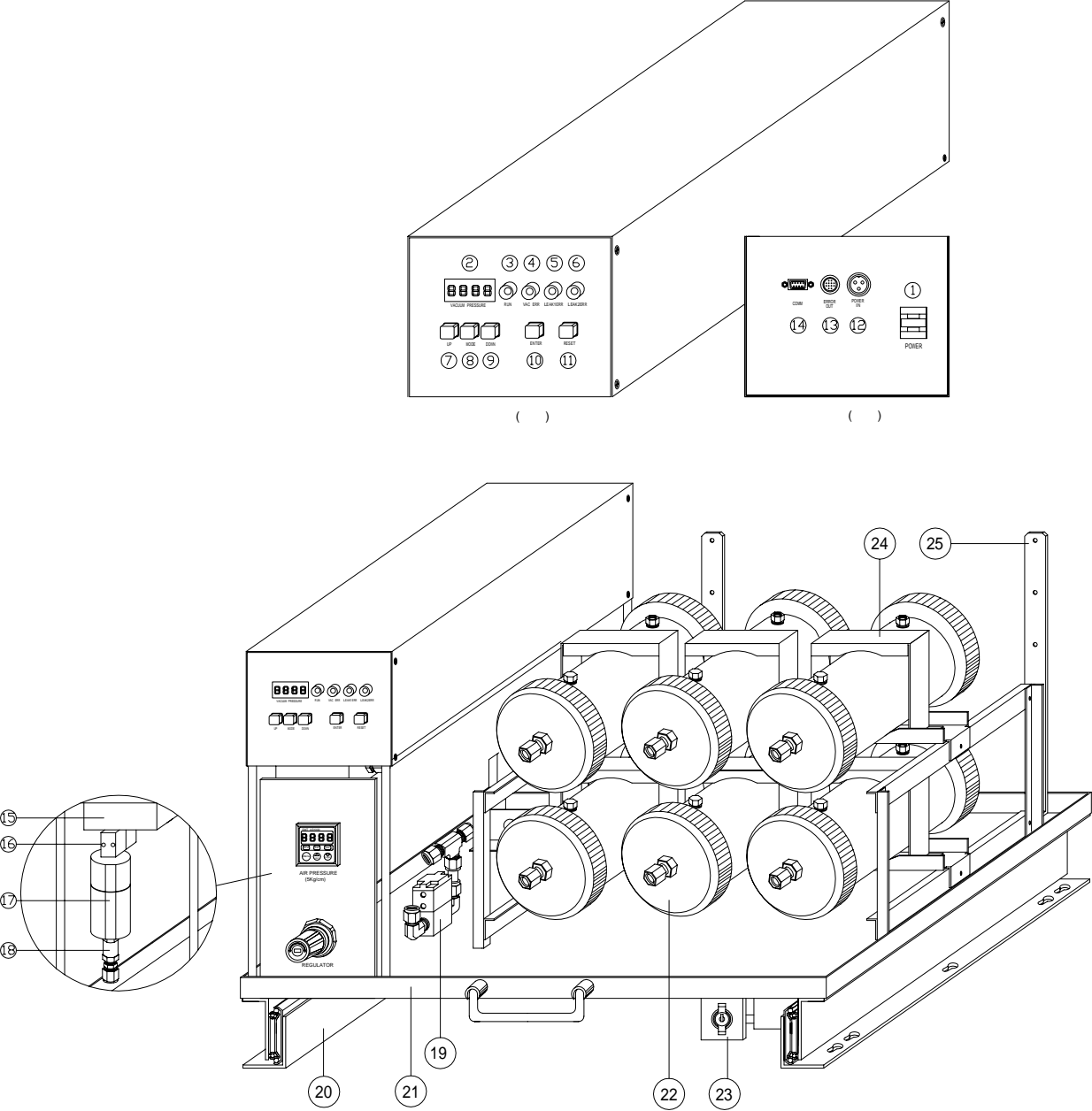


MAT. THICK.	PART NAME	
SCALE	PART NO	UDO-3006B-1
DATE		
		ULFA TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

(4) SYSTEM DRAWING



5.



NO	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	POWER SW	POWER ON/OFF
2	SEGMENT	VAC PRESSURE DISPLAY
3	RUN LED	가 LED ,
4	VAC ERR LED	VAC ERROR
5	LEAK1 ERR LED	MODULE LEAK
6	LEAK2 ERR LED	SYSTEM LEAK
7	UP SW	가
8	DOWN SW	
9	MODE SW	
10	ENTER SW	
11	RESET SW	,
12	POWER IN CON	CONNECTOR(AC100~220V)
13	ERROR OUT CON	ERROR OUT CONNECTOR
14	COMM CON	RS-232,485
15	VAC BUFFER TANK	
16	AIR VALVE 2	LEAK
17		
18	CHECK VALVE 1	LEAK
19	AIR VALVE 1	
20	SLIDE RALI	
21	VAT PLATE	SYSTEM BASE PLATE
22		
23	LOCK HANDLE	
24	BRACKET	
25	TUBE BRACKET	

6.

(1)

(AC100~220V) ON
가 .

(2) MODE SWITCH

,
P1(LOW) P2(HIGH) P3(
LOW) P4(HIGH) .

(3) UP SWITCH

MODE SWITCH P1,P2,P3,P4 MODE SWITCH
가 .

(4) DOWN SWITCH

MODE SWITCH P1,P2,P3,P4 MODE SWITCH

(5) ENTER SWITCH

ZERO, SPAN .

(6) RESET SWITCH

ERROR 가 , BZ STOP SWITCH
RESET SW .

(7) SEGMENT DISPLAY(3 DIGIT)

.(-760 ~ 0 mmHg)

(8) LED

RUN	:	VAC	ON	.
	:		OFF	.
	:			.
VAC ERR	:		ON	.
	:		OFF	.
LEAK1 ERR	:	MODULE	ON	.
LEAK2 ERR	:	SYSTEM	ON	.

(9) AIR REGULATOR

SYSTEM

AIR

(

5 kg/cm²)

(10) COMMUNICATION(RS-232C OR 485)

RS-232C

485

가

PROTOCOL : 9600 , N , 8 , 1

Baud rate 9600 bps

Parity None

Start bit 1 bit

Data bit 8 bit

Stop bit 1 bit

MASTER

“###”

(Address x 0.5)

sec

data

(

Data

)

ID(Address)

1~254

가

Master

30sec

“###”

Frame (-> Master)

@ AD1 AD2 , Pol VAC100 VAC10 VAC1 , SV1-1 SV1-2 SV2 SV3 ,
ERR1 ERR2,ERR3 , SENSOR1 SENSOR2 SENSOR3 SENSOR4 SENSOR5 SENSOR6 CR

@ Header Data

AD1 Address(0~F) ID 4Bit

AD2 Address(1~F) ID 4Bit

,

Pol (+) or (-)

Vac100 100

Vac10 10

Vac1 1

,

SV1-1 SV1-1 Status(0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0" "3"

SV1-2 SV1-2 Status(0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0" "3"

SV2 SV2 Status(0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0" "3"

SV3 SV3 Status(0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0" "3"

,

Err1 Vac Error Status(0= ,3=Error)....Character "0" " 3 "

Err2 Leak1 Error Status(0= ,3=Error)....Character "0" " 3 "

Err3	Leak2 Error	Status(0=	,3=Error)....Character "0"	" 3 "
,				
Sensor1	Sensor1	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	
Sensor2	Sensor2	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	
Sensor3	Sensor3	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	
Sensor4	Sensor4	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	
Sensor5	Sensor5	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	
Sensor6	Sensor6	Status (0=OFF,3=ON)....Character "0"	"3"	

CR Carrage Return DATA .

(11) Error out

	Error out Connector	Vac Error, Leak1 Error
Leak2 Error, Power Error	Relay	.

Vac Error(Error out Connector pin G-C)

가 ,

Relay Close .

Leak1 Error(Error out Connector pin K-F)

L.S1 Sensor가

Relay Close .

Leak2 Error(Error out Connector pin L-M)

L.S2 Sensor가

Relay Close .

Power Error(Error out Connector pin B-A)

Relay Open .

7.

(1)

UTILITY

NO	NAME				
1	POWER IN	3P	1	AC 220V 1 ,3A	
2	AIR IN	6/8 SWAGELOK	1	5 kg/cm2	
3	DRAIN	4/6 SWAGELOK	1		
4	EXHAUST	6/8 SWAGELOK	1		2M
5	ERROR OUT	12P	1	POWER OFF VAC,LEAK1,LEAK2	POWER OFF OPEN() ERR CLOSE()
6	COMM OUT	DB-9 RS-232C	1	VAC LEVEL	

IN/OUT

가

가

가

Cover

가

1

Flushing

Flushing

(2)

ON

가

(-)450mmHg ~ (-)550mmHg

SV1-1,SV1-2

LOW(-)450mmHg

ON

HIGH (-)550mmHg

OFF

VAC BUFFER TANK

가

SV1-1,SV1-2 ON

6

SV1-1,SV1-2

5

OFF

, 5

SV1-1,SV1-2

ON

가 LEAK1 ERROR가

SV3가 ON

DRAIN

10sec 가

AIR LEAK

SV3 ON

SV1-1,SV1-2 OFF

(3)

MODE SWITCH RUN LED가 (LOW)
가 가 . UP, DOWN SWITCH LEVEL
((-)450mmHg).
ENTER SWITCH .
MODE SWITCH (HIGH) 가 가
. LED RUN, LEAK1 ERR LED가 .
가 UP, DOWN SWITCH LEVEL
ENTER SWITCH ((-)550mmHg).

MODE SWITCH 3 VAC ERR LED가
(LOW) 가 가 . UP, DOWN SWITCH
LEVEL .
((-)350mmHg).
ENTER SWITCH .
MODE SWITCH (HIGH) 가 가 .
LED VAC ERR, LEAK1 ERR LED가 .
가 UP, DOWN SWITCH LEVEL
ENTER SWITCH . ((-)760mmHg).
MODE SW (LOW) 가 .

RESET SWITCH .

1

(4)

< >

CONTROL PCB

가

A.

- DIGITAL MULTIMETER
- VAC GAUGE ())
- ()
- ((-)DRIVER)

B. ANALOG

MULTIMETER + R2 .
MULTIMETER - R3 .
MULTIMETER DC Volt .
SENSOR LOW PORT VAC TUBE .
가 MULTIMETER 0.3V가
VR1 .
가 VAC LEVEL -700mmHg
MULTIMETER 2.8V가 VR2 .
MULTIMETER 0.3V .

MULTIMETER .

C. DIGITAL

MODE SW 3 .
A-ZR MODE SW .
SAVE가 ENTER SW .(ZERO)
MODE SW SPAN .
VAC 가 .
SEGMENT VAC GAUGE
UP/DOWN SW .
SAVE가 ENTER SW .(SPAN)
RESET SW .
가

8.

(1) VAC ERROR

: 가 .
 : VAC ERR LED가
 :
 : (: CLOSE)
 : SV1-1=ON , SV1-2=ON, SV3=OFF .
 : 가 가 .
 : , FITTING 가.
 : 가.(SV)
 : AIR 가.(5kg/cm²)
 : TUBE가 가.
 : 가.
 : SV ON 가.
 : AIR EJECTOR 가.
 : 가.

(2) LEAK1 ERR

: MODULE 1 LEAK1 SENSOR가
 5 .
 : LEAK1 ERR LED가
 :
 : (: CLOSE)
 : SV1 OFF 가 .
 : SV3 ON LEAK TUBE DRAIN 10sec
 가 .
 : LEAK 가 .
 :
 DRAIN FITTING AIR가
 .(LEAK1 LED가 ON)
 LEAK1 ERR가
 :
 : MODULE
 MODULE .

MODULE

•

•

•

•

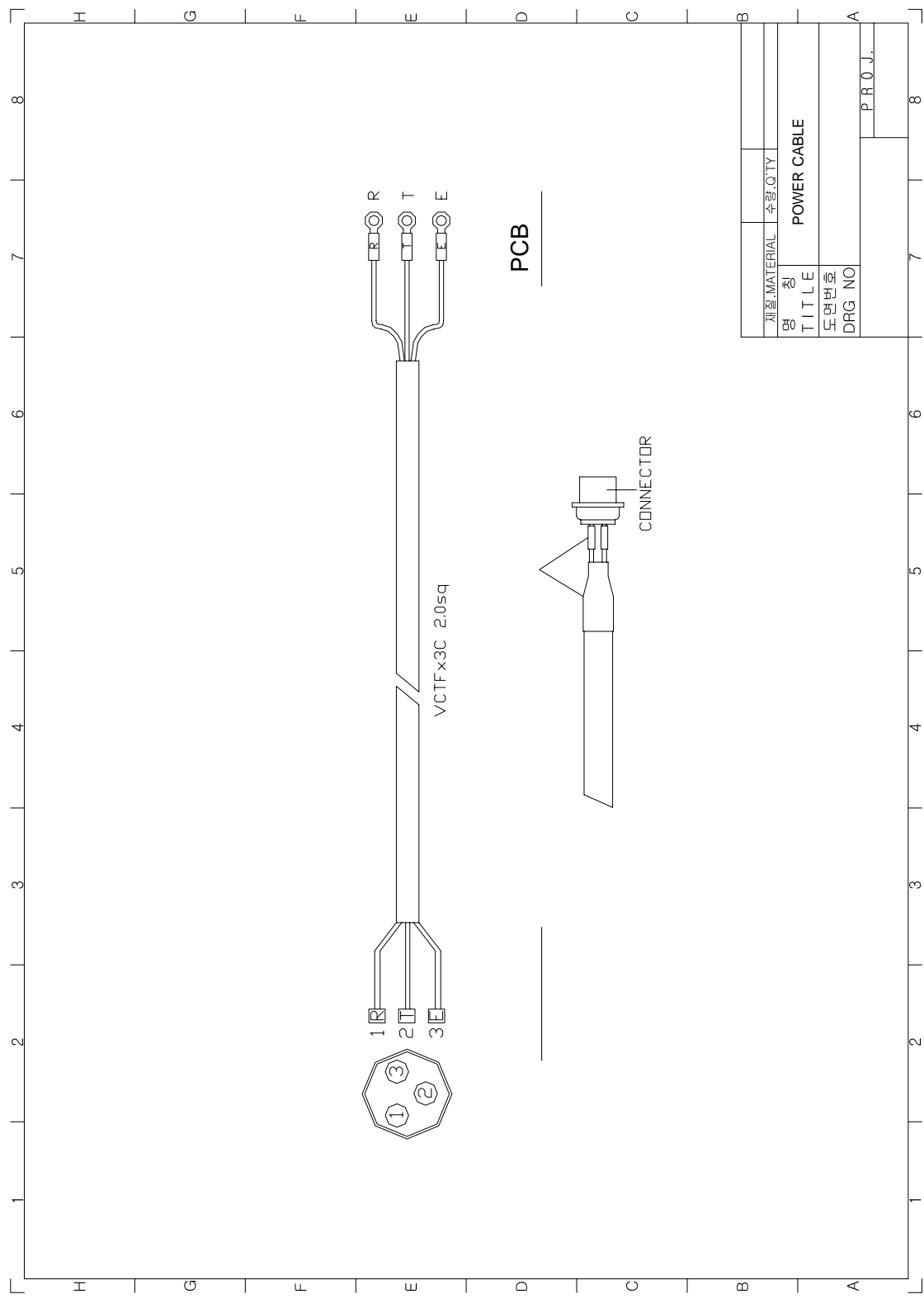
POWER

, SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY

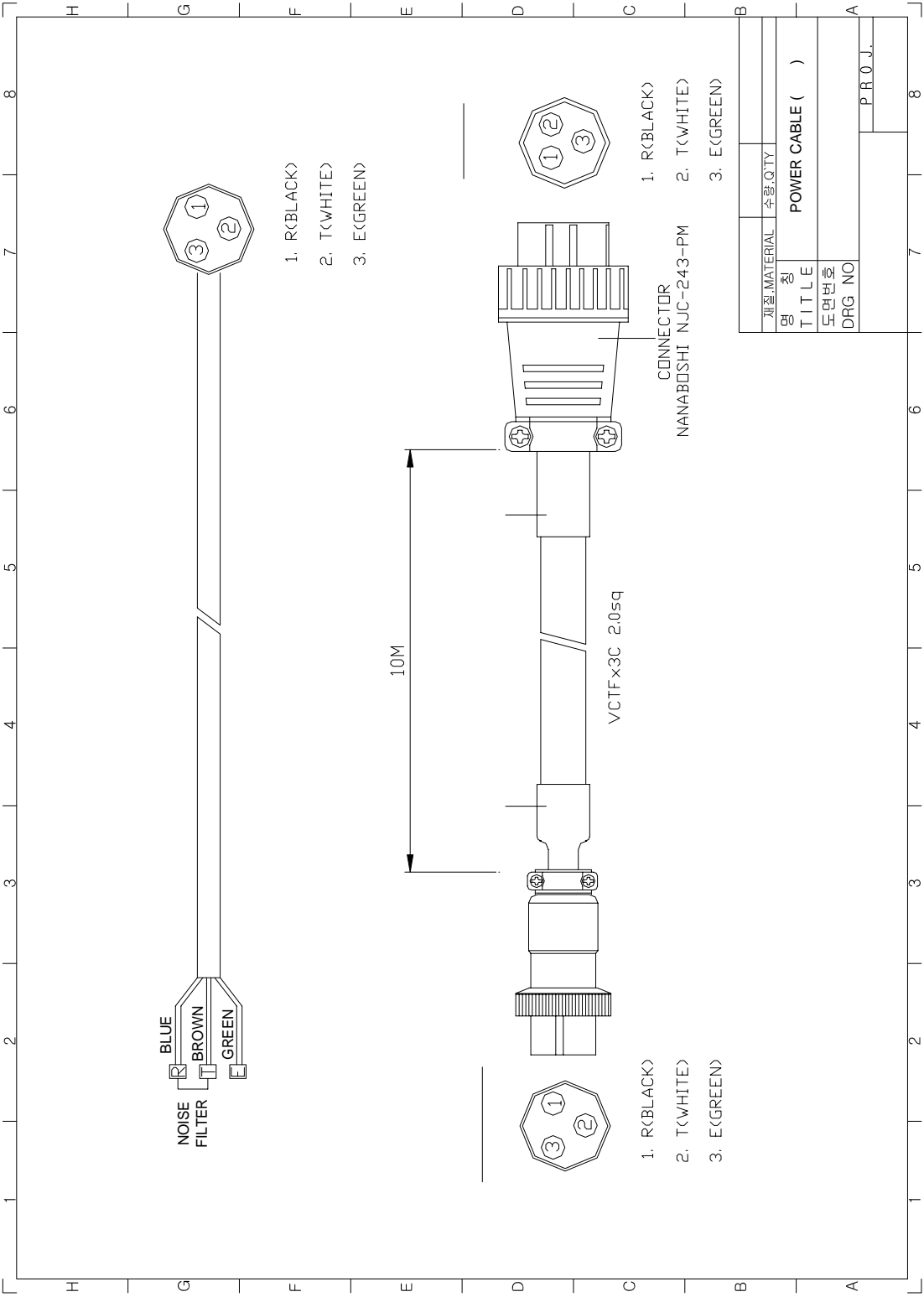
9. PARTS LIST

NO			
1		MJ-G204-P10K (MIURA)	4
2	SOLENOID VALVE(AIR)	VDW21-5G-2-M5 DC24V (SMC)	1
3	SOLENOID VALVE(AIR)	VQZ100 DC24V (SMC)	2
4	SOLENOID VALVE()	LVM11-5A-1 DC24V (SMC)	1
5	AIR EJECTOR (SUS)	4-6 TEE TYPE (ULFA)	1
6	LEAK1 SENSOR FLOW SENSOR	EE-SPX613 (OMRON)	5
7	LEAK2 SENSOR	EX-F71 (SUNX)	1
8	VAC SENSOR	NPC1210(30PSI) (NOVA USA)	1
9	AIR VALVE	LVA10-01-A (SMC)	2
10	CABLE (1.33sq)	3P 3M (CONNECTOR) (NJC-243-PM(UL) NANAMUSHI)	1
11	ERR OUT CABLE (0.21sq)	12P 3M (R04-P12 TAJIMI)	1
12	FRONT PCB	ULFA (20030109)	1
13	CONTROL PCB	ULFA (20030109)	1
14	SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY	LAMBDA (EWS-15-24)	1
15	NOISE FILTER	LAMBDA (MAW-1202-22)	1
16		G31 (GE)	1
17	SLIDE	MODEL 555 (LOAD 90-75kg/cm2)	2
18	VAC BUFFER TANK	SUS 가 (ULFA)	1
19		가 (ULFA)	1

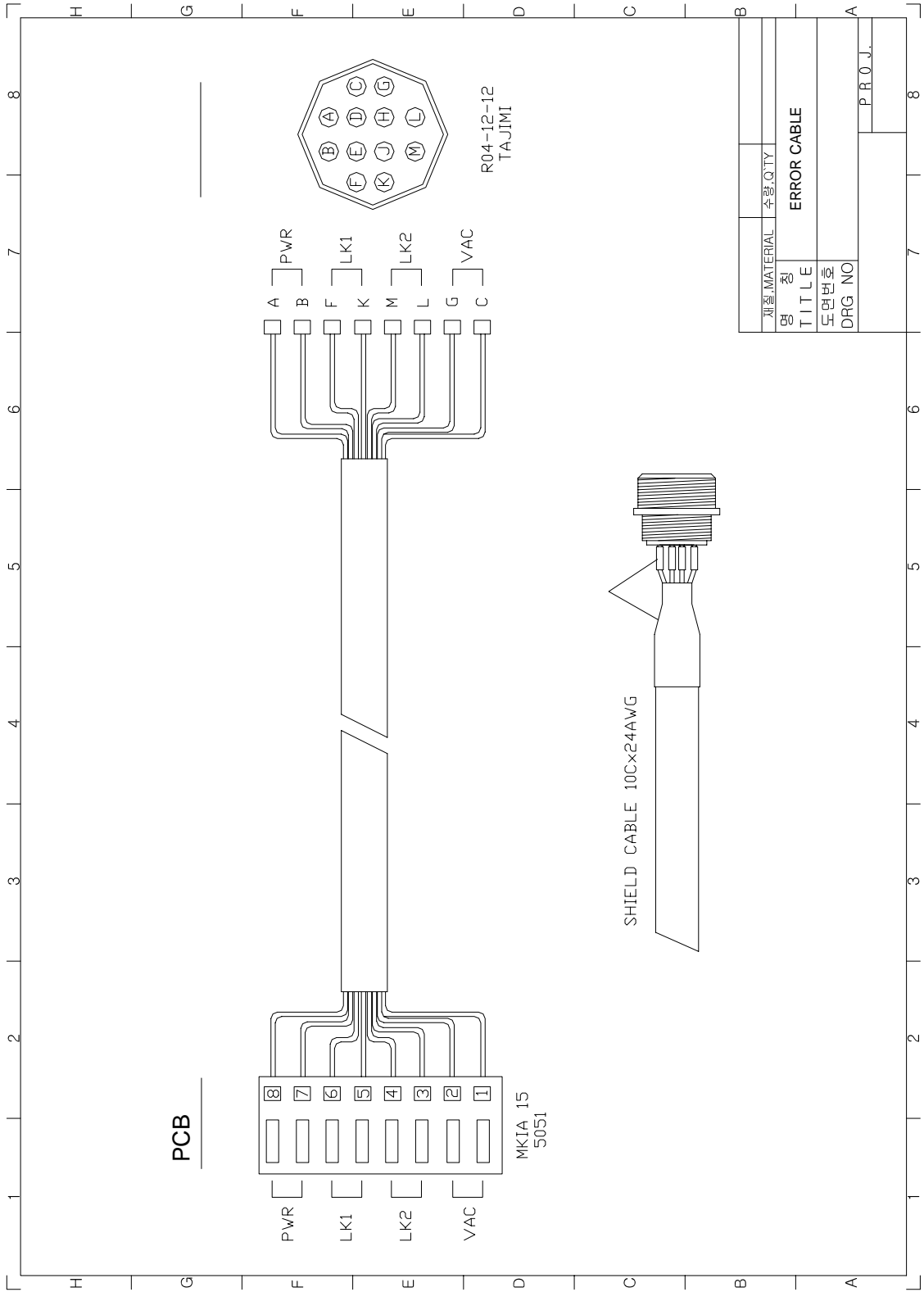
10. (.)
(1) POWER CABLE ()



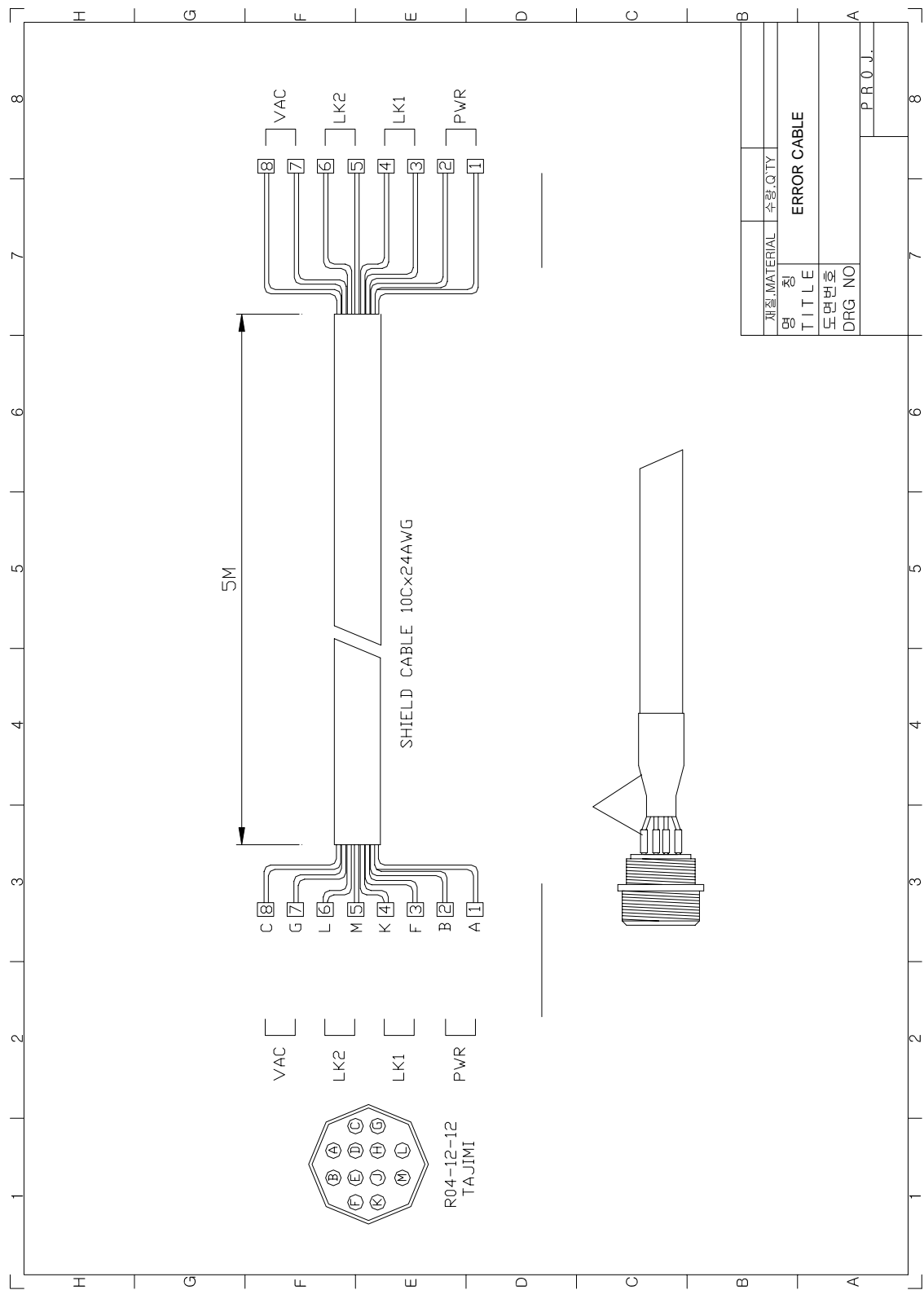
(2) POWER CABLE ()



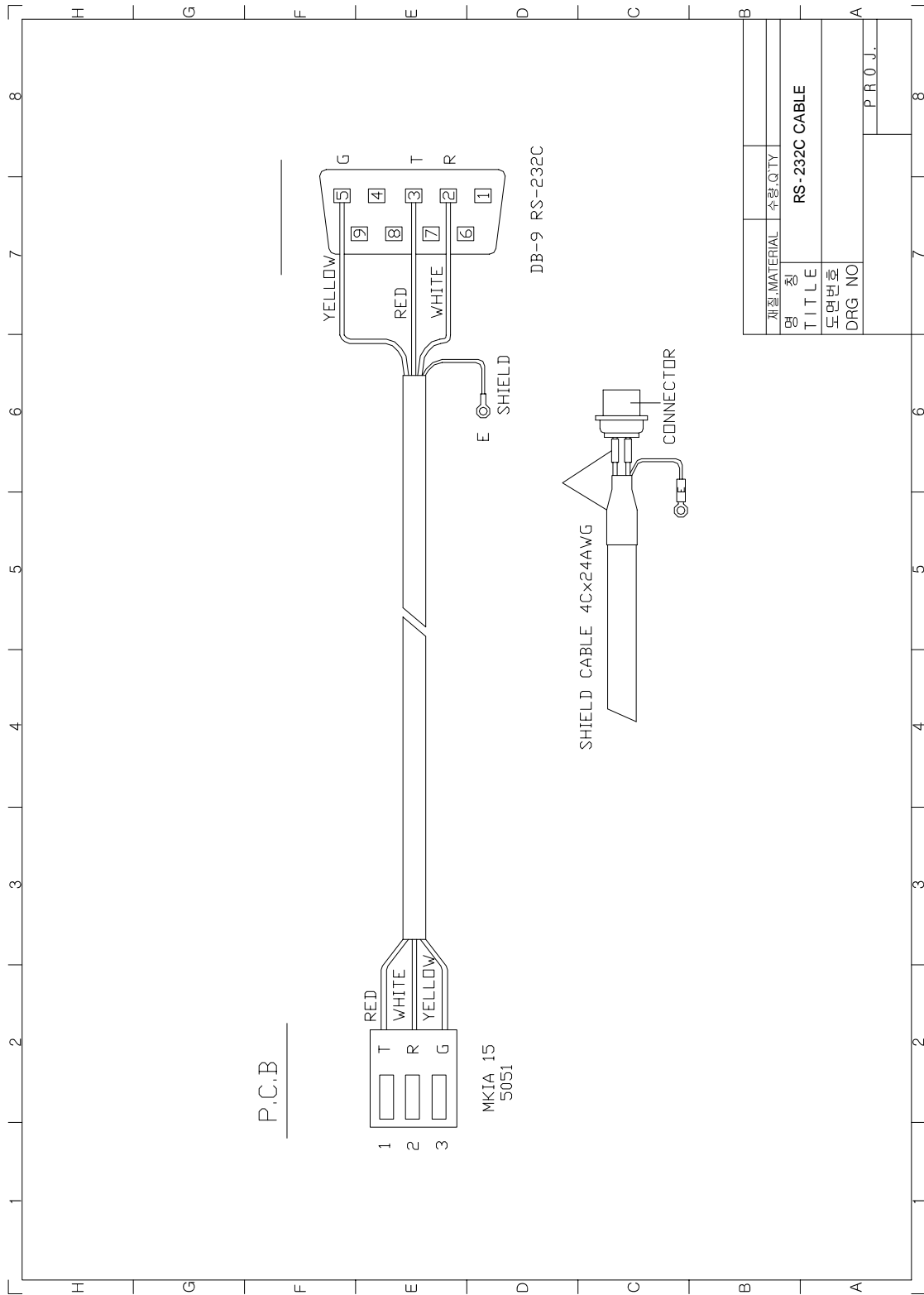
(3) ERROR CABLE ()



(4) ERROR CABLE ()



(5) RS-232 CABLE ()



Liquid Level Photomicrosensor

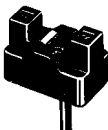
EE-SPX613

An Ideal Photomicrosensor for Detecting Liquid Levels in Transparent Pipes

- Incorporates a Sensitivity Selector, Built-in Amplifier, and Operation Mode Selector
- The dark ON and light ON modes are selectable.
- Suitable for any 6- to 13-mm-diameter transparent or semi-transparent pipe with a wall thickness of 1 mm.
- Built-in amplifier saves space and wiring effort.
- Compact size is ideal for the miniaturization of equipment.
- Uses a talc-free cord that is ideal for equipment used for the manufacturing of semiconductors.



Ordering Information

Appearance	Detection method	Output configuration	Model
	Through-beam (with groove)	Dark ON or light ON (selectable)	EE-SPX613

Specifications

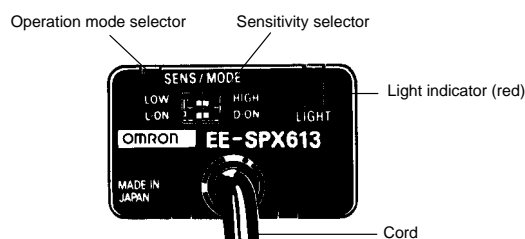
■ Ratings/Characteristics

Model		EE-SPX613
Power supply voltage		12 to 24 VDC $\pm 10\%$, ripple (p-p): 5% max.
Current consumption		Average value: 30 mA max. Peak value: 80 mA max.
Applicable pipe		Any 6- to 13-mm-diameter pipe with a wall thickness of 1 mm that is made of FEP or any other material as transparent as FEP.
Sensing object		Liquids in pipes (High-viscosity liquids or liquids with floating materials may not be detected.)
Control output		Voltage: 5 to 24 VDC Load current: 100 mA max. Residual voltage: 0.8 V max. with a load current of 100 mA and 0.4 V max. with a load current of 40 mA
Indicator		Light indicator (red) (Lit with incident.)
Connection method		Pre-wired (cable length: 1 m)
Enclosure rating		IEC IP50
Ambient illumination		3,000 lx max. with incandescent light or sunlight on the receiver
Light source		Infrared LED (with a wavelength of 940 nm)
Material	Case	Polycarbonate
	Cover	
Ambient temperature		Operating: -10°C to 55°C Storage: -25°C to 65°C (with no icing or condensation)
Ambient humidity		Operating: 5% to 85% Storage: 5% to 95% (with no icing or condensation)
Vibration resistance		Destruction: 10 to 500 Hz, 1.0-mm single amplitude or 150 m/s^2 in X, Y, and Z directions 3 times and for 11 min each
Shock resistance		Destruction: 500 m/s^2 in X, Y, and Z directions 3 times each

■ Attachments

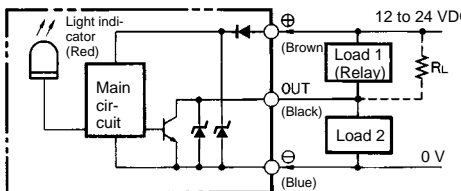
Supporting belt	2
Slip protection tube	2

Nomenclature



Operation

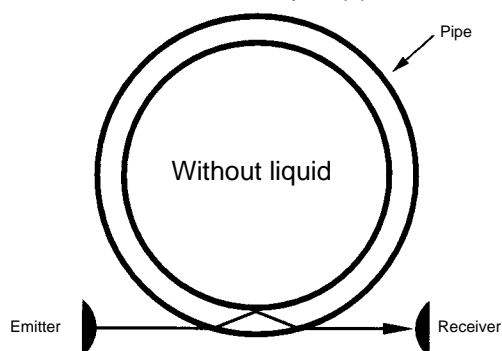
■ Output Circuit

Operating status of output transistor	Dark ON	Light ON
Output circuit		
Timing chart	<p>Light (with no liquid) Dark (with liquid)</p> <p>Light indicator (red) Lit Not lit</p> <p>Output transistor ON OFF</p> <p>Load 1 (Relay) Start Reset</p> <p>Load 2 H L</p>	<p>Light (with no liquid) Dark (with liquid)</p> <p>Light indicator (red) Lit Not lit</p> <p>Output transistor ON OFF</p> <p>Load 1 (Relay) Start Reset</p> <p>Load 2 H L</p>

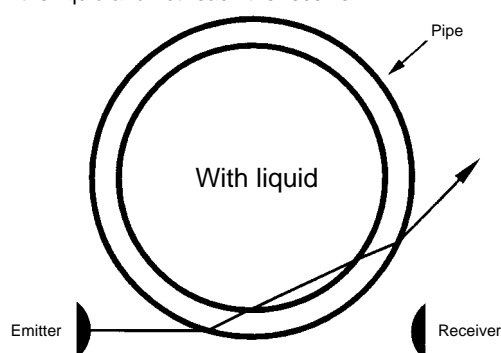
■ Operation

The EE-SPX613 detects the level of liquid by detecting the difference in refractive index between the air and liquid.

1. If there is no liquid in the pipe, the emitted beam will reach the receiver after it is refracted by the pipe.



2. If there is liquid in the pipe, the emitted beam will pass through the liquid and not reach the receiver.



If the diameter of the pipe is close to 6 mm, some of the emitted beam may reach the receiver because the angle of refraction is small, thus making the stable operation of the EE-SPX613 difficult. In such cases, set the sensitivity selector to Low and check that the EE-SPX613 will be in stable operation.

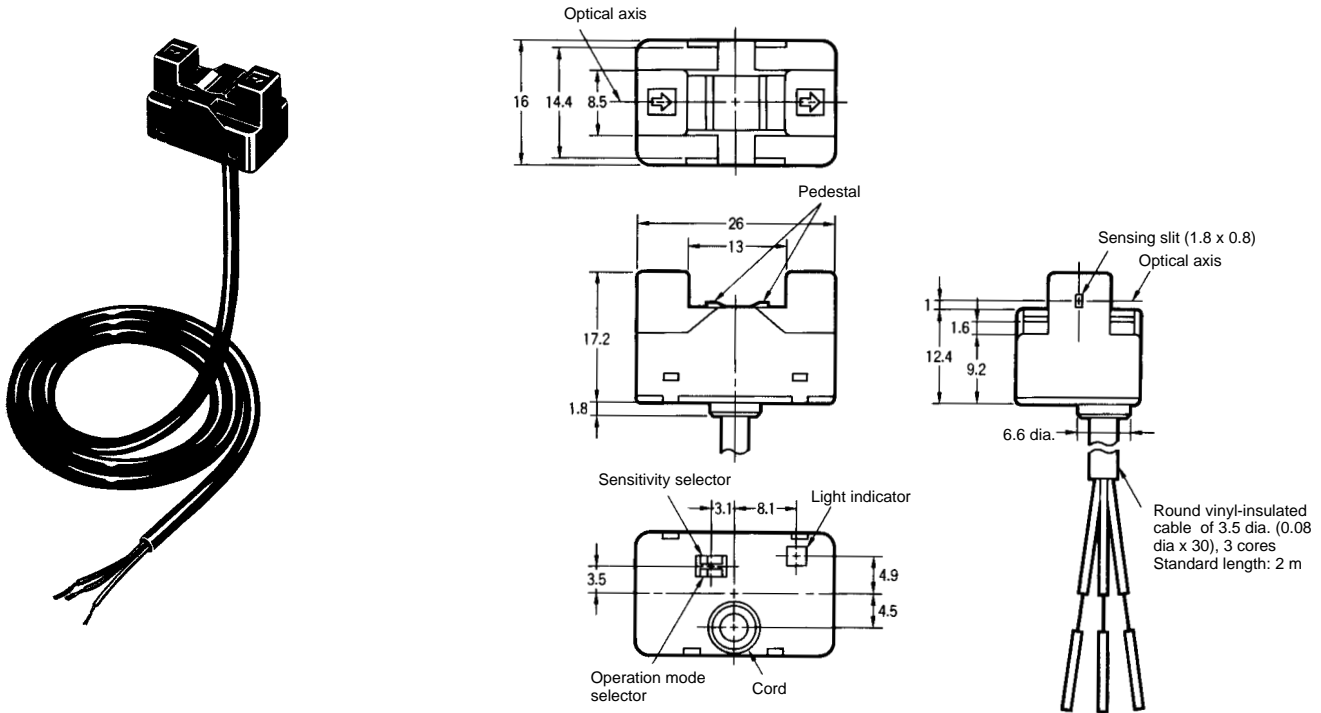
If there are floating materials on the surface of the liquid, some of the emitted beam may reach the receiver after it is reflected by the floating materials, thus making the stable operation of the EE-SPX613 difficult. In such cases, set the sensitivity selector to Low so that the EE-SPX613 will be in stable operation.

If considering the aged deterioration of the emitter and the stains on the pipe, usually set the sensitivity selector to High.

Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

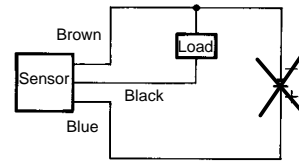
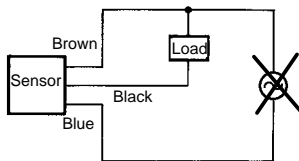
EE-SPX613



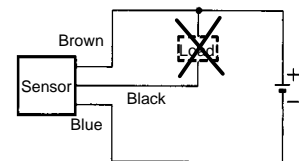
Precautions

! WARNING

- Do not supply to or impose on the EE-SPX613 any AC current or voltage exceeding the upper limit of the rated voltage range, otherwise the EE-SPX613 may explode or burn.
- Pay attention to the polarity of the power supply connected to the EE-SPX613 and do not make any wiring mistake, otherwise the EE-SPX613 may explode or burn.



- Do not short-circuit the load connected to the EE-SPX613, otherwise the EE-SPX613 may explode or burn.

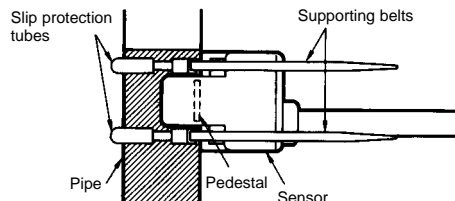


! Caution

Mounting

Always use supporting belts and slip protection tubes, which are provided with the EE-SPX613, when attaching the EE-SPX613 to an appropriate pipe as shown in the following illustration and make sure that the pipe is in the center of the sensor groove and not lifted from the pedestal.

When tightening the supporting belts, make sure that the pipe will not be deformed.



When attaching the EE-SPX311 or EE-SPX411 to a pipe with a supporting belt, make sure that the pipe will not be deformed.

Power Supply

Ground the FG and GND terminals if a standard switching regulator is used to supply power to the EE-SPX613, otherwise the EE-SPX613 may malfunction due to some switching noise generated from the switching regulator.

Operating Environment

The EE-SPX613 is not watertight. Do not use the EE-SPX613 outdoors.

Do not use the EE-SPX613 in places where water, oil, or chemical may be sprayed onto the EE-SPX613.

The exterior coverings of the EE-SPX613 are made of polycarbonate. Keep the coverings away from any alkaline, aromatic hydrocarbon, or aliphatic chloride hydrocarbon solvent, all of which will damage the coverings.

Others

- The EE-SPX613 requires 10 ms to be in stable operation after power is supplied.
If two power supplies are used for the EE-SPX613 and load respectively, be sure to supply power to the EE-SPX613 before supplying power to the load.
- If there is any power or high-tension line near the cord, wire the cord through an independent metal conduit to protect the EE-SPX613 from damage or malfunctioning.
- Do not attach the EE-SPX613 to improper pipes, such as non-transparent pipes, otherwise the EE-SPX613 may not operate properly.
- If the EE-SPX311 or EE-SPX411 is attached to a pipe that has liquid drips, foam, or vapor internally, the EE-SPX311 or EE-SPX411 may not operate properly.
- Do not impose any excessive force on the cord.
Do not pull the cord with any tractive force exceeding 30 N.
- When extending the cord, use an extension cord with conductors having a total cross-section area of 0.15 mm² (i.e., AWG26) and the total cord length must be 5 m maximum.
- Do not impose any force exceeding 5 N on the operation mode selector or sensitivity selector.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

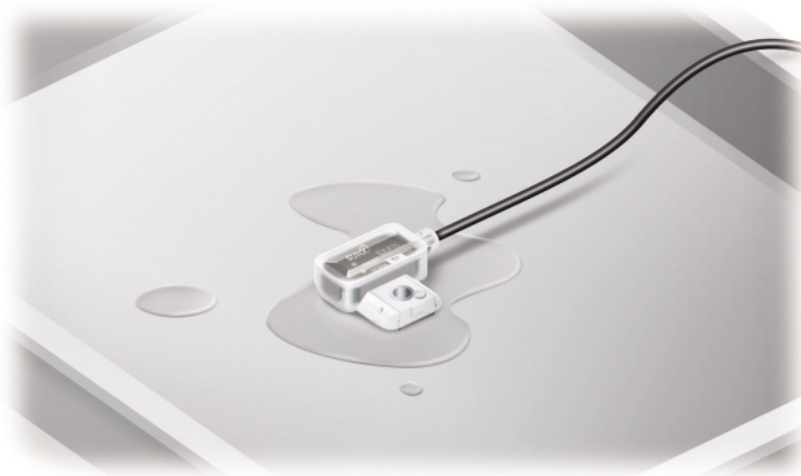
To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

LEAK SENSOR **Amplifier built-in**

New

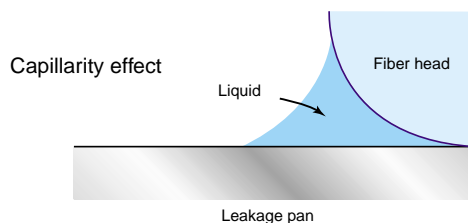
EX-F71

High-speed Detection Even a Little Chemical Leak



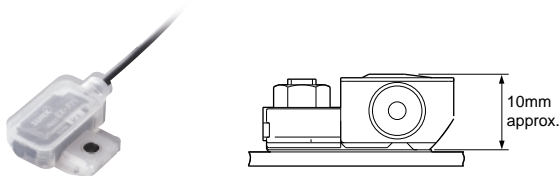
Reliable Detection

The unique effect of capillarity enables reliable detection of small leaks and viscous liquids.



Compact, Space-saving

This slim (10mm) side-mounting sensor is especially good for use in confined spaces.



Safe Design

- If the sensor is not mounted correctly, if the cable is cut or disconnected, or if the sensor is not operating correctly, the output is the same as when the beam is not received (LEAK).
- Design deals with human errors such as, forgetting to mount, etc.

Easy Operation Check

This sensor is equipped with a NORMAL indicator (green) which lights up when mounting correctly, and a FAULT indicator (red) which lights up when sensing the leaked liquid or when mounted incorrectly (forgetting to mount exclusive mounting bracket). So, the operation can be checked easily.

No Need for Sensitivity Adjustment

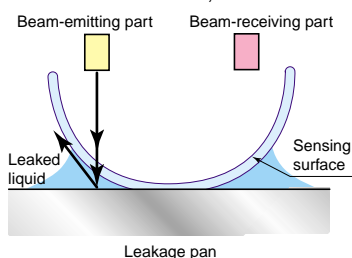
No need for sensitivity adjustment with adjuster, so initial mounting is easy.

Easy Installation & Reset

- Bracket mounted with one screw, one-touch sensor mounting.
- No resetting or component replacement required after leak detection.
- The simple shape makes it easy to wipe off the leaked liquid.

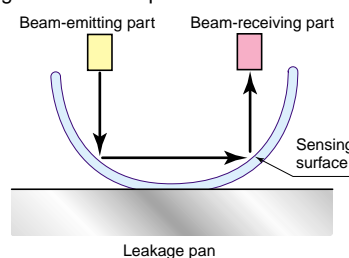
New Type of Detection Method

- When a leak occurs, the beam from the beam-emitting part scatters through the leaked liquid and is not transmitted to the beam-receiving part.



When leakage occurs

The beam from the beam-emitting part scatters through the leaked liquid and is not transmitted to the beam-receiving part.



When there is no leakage

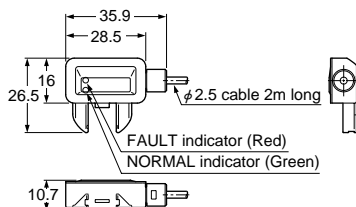
The beam from the beam-emitting part reflects off of the surface of the sensor and is transmitted to the beam-receiving part.

SPECIFICATIONS

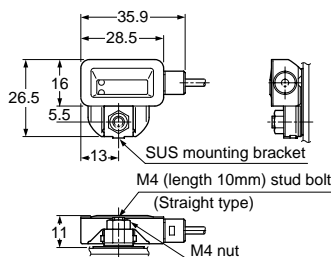
Designation	Amplifier built-in leak sensor
Item Model No.	EX-F71
Sensing object	Water, Fluorinert (Note 1)
Supply voltage	12 to 24V DC $\pm 10\%$ Ripple P-P 10% or less
Current consumption	10mA or less
Output	NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 50mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and 0V) • Residual voltage: 1.0V or less (at 50mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)
Output operation	In normal state: ON When liquid leaks, or the sensor is mounted erroneously: OFF
Short-circuit protection	Incorporated
Response time	50ms or less
FAULT indicator	Red LED (In case liquid leaks or the sensor is mounted erroneously)
NORMAL indicator	Green LED (In case the sensor is mounted normally)
Protection	IP67 (IEC)
Ambient temperature	- 10 to + 60°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed) Storage: - 20 to + 70°C (Note 2)
Ambient illuminance	Incandescent light: 500lx at the light-receiving face
Emitting element	Infrared LED (non-modulated)
Material	Enclosure: Polypropylene
Cable	0.1mm ² 3-core PVC cable, 2m long
Cable extension	Extension up to total 50m is possible with 0.3mm ² , or more, cable.
Weight	25g approx.
Accessory	SUS mounting bracket

Notes: 1) Highly viscous liquid may not be detected stably.
 2) Liquid being detected should also be kept within the rated ambient temperature range.

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

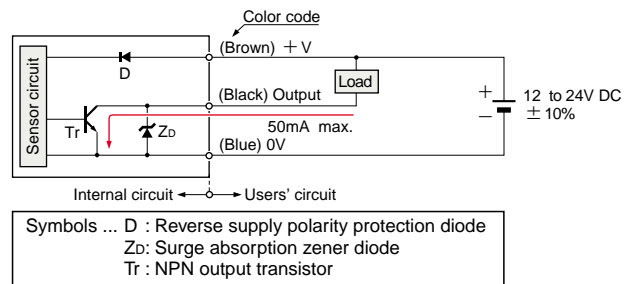


Assembly dementions with SUS mounting bracket



All information is subject to change without prior notice.

I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

Mounting

- Be sure to use SUS mounting bracket when installing the sensor to avoid human error. Reliable detection cannot be guaranteed when this mounting bracket is not used.
- Tightening torque of SUS mounting bracket should be 0.98N·m or less.

Wiring

- Make sure to carry out the wiring in the power supply off condition.
- Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- Take care that if a voltage exceeding the rated range is applied, or if an AC power supply is directly connected, the sensor may get burnt or damaged.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity of this product, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Extension up to total 50m is possible with 0.3mm², or more, cable. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Ensure that an isolation transformer is utilized for the DC power supply. If an autotransformer is utilized, the main amplifier or power supply may be damaged.
- In case a surge is generated in the used power supply, connect a surge absorber to the supply and absorb the surge.

Others

- If air bubbles are trapped within the sensing portion, take care that extra time may be required to obtain stable sensing, or stable sensing may not be achieved. Before use, thoroughly check the conditions under which the sensor is used.
- For proper treatment after a liquid leak, ensure that all liquid is completely wiped off from both the sensor's sensing surface and from SUS mounting bracket. A soft cloth must be used to ensure that scratches or other damage do not occur.
- If the sensing surface or SUS mounting bracket is scratched, or if any traces of liquid remain, then normal functionality will be impaired.
- Do not use during the initial transient time (30 sec. approx.) after the power supply is switched on.
- Since the sensor is non-modulated type, take sufficient care against extraneous light. Make sure that extraneous light is not directly incident on the sensing surface.
- These sensors must not be used at locations containing high levels of steam or dust, nor used within dangerous atmospheres, such as those containing corrosive gases.
- Take care that the product does not come in direct contact with organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.
- If these sensors are used in an environment where static electricity is generated, then the pan used to contain liquid leaks must be made of metal and connected to a proper electrical ground.



<http://www.sunx.co.jp/>

SUNX Limited

2431-1 Ushiyama-cho, Kasugai-shi, Aichi,
 486-0901, Japan
 Phone: +81-(0)568-33-7211
 FAX: +81-(0)568-33-2631

Overseas Sales Dept.

Phone: +81-(0)568-33-7861
 FAX: +81-(0)568-33-8591

3 201 344
TEL(02)806-4403~5 FAX(02)806-4406
home page:<http://www.ulfatech.com>